



CLASS XI HUMANITIES (2024-25)

SYLLABUS - TERM 1

PRE MID TERM

MID TERM

ENGLISH CORE (301)

Literature:

Hornbill - The Portrait of a Lady, A Photograph
Snapshots - The Summer of the Beautiful White Horse
Reading: Unseen Passage
Writing: Advertisement and Speech Writing
Grammar: Tenses

Literature

Hornbill
 1. The Portrait of a Lady, 2. We're not afraid to Die
 3. Discovering Tut
Poem
 1. A Photograph, 2. Laburnum top, 3. Voice of the Rain
Snapshots
 1. The Summer of a Beautiful Horse, 2. The Address
Writing
 Classified Advertisement and Speech Writing
Grammar
 Gap filling, Transformation, Reordering of the sentence
Reading
 Reading Comprehension, Note Making

ECONOMICS (030)

Part A: Statistics for Economics

Part A: Statistics for Economics

Unit 3: Statistical Tools and Interpretation Ch
8: Measures of Central Tendency- Arithmetic Mean
 Arithmetic Mean for individual, Discrete and continuous series. Combined Mean, Corrected Mean, Missing Frequency
Ch 9: Measures of Central Tendency-Median and Mode
 Median, Quartile, Decile, Percentile for Individual, discrete and continuous series. Mode by Observation, inspection and Grouping method

Unit 1: Introduction
 What is Economics? Meaning, scope, functions and importance of statistics in Economics

Unit 2: Collection, Organisation and Presentation of data
Ch 1: Collection of data
 Sources of data - primary and secondary; how basic data is collected with concepts of Sampling; methods of collecting data; some important sources of secondary data: Census of India and National Sample Survey Organisation.
Ch 2: Organisation of Data:
 Meaning and types of variables; Frequency Distribution.

Part B: Introductory Microeconomics		Part B: Introductory Microeconomics	
<p>Unit 4: Introduction Economics and Economy</p> <p>Meaning of microeconomics and macroeconomics; positive and normative economics What is an economy? Central problems of an economy: what, how and for whom to produce; concepts of Production Possibility Frontier and Opportunity Cost</p> <p>Ch 2: Central Problems of an Economy</p> <p>What is an economy? Central problems of an economy: what, how and for whom to produce; concepts of Production Possibility Frontier and Opportunity Cost.</p>	<p>Ch 1:</p>	<p>Unit 5: Consumer's Equilibrium and Demand</p> <p>Ch 1: Utility Analysis</p> <p>Consumer's equilibrium - meaning of Utility, Marginal Utility, Law of Diminishing Marginal Utility, conditions of consumer's equilibrium using marginal utility analysis</p> <p>Ch 2: Indifference Curve Analysis</p> <p>Indifference curve analysis of consumer's equilibrium-the consumer's budget (budget set and budget line), preferences of the consumer (indifference curve, indifference map) and conditions of consumer's equilibrium.</p> <p>Ch 3: Theory of Demand</p> <p>Demand, market demand, determinants of demand, demand schedule, demand curve and its slope, movement along and shifts in the demand curve;</p> <p>Ch 4: Elasticity of Demand</p> <p>Price elasticity of demand - factors affecting price elasticity of demand; measurement of price elasticity of demand – percentage-change method and total expenditure method.</p>	
SOCIOLOGY (028)			
<p>Unit 1- Sociology, Society and its Relationship with other Social Sciences</p> <p>Introducing Society: Individuals and collectivities. Pluralities and Inequalities among societies. Introducing Sociology: Emergence. Nature and Scope. Relationship with other Social Science disciplines</p>		<p>Unit 4- Culture and Socialization</p> <p>Defining Culture, Dimensions of Culture, Socialization Agencies of Socialisation & Sociology</p>	
<p>Unit 2- Terms, Concepts and their use in Sociology</p> <p>Social Groups and Society, Social Stratification, Status and Role, Society & Social Control</p>			
<p>Unit-3 Understanding Social Institution</p> <p>Family, Marriage and Kinship, Work & Economic Life, Political Institutions, Religion as a Social Institution, Education as a Social Institution</p>			
POLITICAL SCIENCE (039)			
<p>Chapter 1- Constitution: Why and How?</p> <p>a) Why do we need a Constitution?, Constitution allows coordination and assurance, Specification of decisionmaking power, Limitations on the powers of government, Aspirations and goals of a society, Fundamental identity of a people b) The authority of a Constitution, Mode of promulgation, The substantive provisions of a constitution, Balanced institutional design c) How was the Indian Constitution made?, Composition of the Constituent Assembly, Procedures, Inheritance of the nationalist movement, Institutional arrangements d) Provisions adapted from Constitutions of different countries</p>		<p>Chapter 4 - Executive</p> <p>a) What is an executive? b) What are the different types of executives? c) Parliamentary executive in India, Power and position of President, Discretionary Powers of the President d) Prime Minister and Council of ministers e) Permanent Executive: Bureaucracy</p>	

<p>Chapter 2- Rights in the Indian Constitution</p> <p>a) The importance of rights, Bill of Rights b) Fundamental rights in the Indian Constitution, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies c) Directive principles of state policy, what do the directive principles contain?, d) Relationship between fundamental rights and directive principles</p>	<p>Chapter 5- Legislature</p> <p>a) Why do we need a parliament? b) Why do we need two houses of parliament?,Rajya Sabha, Lok Sabha c) What does the parliament do?, Powers of Rajya Sabha, Special Powers of Rajya Sabha, d) How does the parliament make laws?, e) How does the parliament control the executive? f) What do the committees of parliament do? g) How does the parliament regulate itself?</p>
<p>Chapter 3- Election and Representation</p> <p>a) Elections and democracy b) Election system in India ☐ First Past the Post System ☐ Proportional Representation c) Why did India adopt the FPTP system? d) Reservation of constituencies e) Free and fair elections ☐ Universal franchise and right to contest ☐ Independent Election Commission f) Electoral Reforms</p>	<p>Chapter 6 - Judiciary</p> <p>a) Why do we need an independent judiciary?, Independence of Judiciary, Appointment of Judges, Removal of Judges, b) Structure of the Judiciary</p> <p>c) Jurisdiction of supreme Court, Original Jurisdiction, Writ Jurisdiction</p> <p>Appellate Jurisdiction, Advisory Jurisdiction, d) Judicial Activism</p> <p>e) Judiciary and Rights, f) Judiciary and Parliament</p>
	<p>Chapter 7- Federalism</p> <p>a) What is Federalism?,b) Federalism in the Indian Constitution, Division of Powers, c) Federalism with a strong central government, d) Conflicts in India’s federal system , Centre-State Relations, Demands for Autonomy, Role of Governors and President’s Rule Demands for New States Interstate Conflicts, e) Special provisions, Jammu and Kashmir</p>
	<p>Chapter 8 - Local Governments</p> <p>a) Why local governments?, b) Growth of Local, Government in India Local Governments in Independent India, c) 73rd and 74th amendments</p> <p>d) 73rd Amendment, Three Tier Structure, Elections, Reservations Transfer of Subjects, State Election, Commissioners, State Finance Commission, e) 74th Amendment, f) Implementation of 73rd and 74th Amendments</p>
	<p>Chapter 9 - Constitution as a Living Document</p> <p>a) Are constitutions static? b) How to amend the constitution? c) Why have there been so many amendments? d) Contents of amendments made so far,Differing Interpretations, Amendments through Political Consensus, Controversial Amendments, e) Basic structure and evolution of the constitution, f) Constitution as a Living Document., Contribution of the Judiciary, Maturity of the Political Leadership</p>
	<p>Chapter 10 - The Philosophy of the Constitution</p> <p>a) What is meant by philosophy of the constitution?, Constitution as Means of Democratic Transformation b) Why do we need to go back to the Constituent Assembly?,c) What is the political philosophy of our constitution? Individual freedom, Social Justice, Respect for diversity and minority rights, Secularism, Universal franchise, Federalism, National identity, d) Procedural Achievements, e) Criticisms, f) Limitations</p>

PHYSICAL EDUCATION (048)

<p>Chapter 1- Changing Trends and Careers in Physical Education</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concept, Aims & Objectives of Physical Education 2. Development of Physical Education in India – Post Independence 3. Changing Trends in Sports- playing surface, wearable gear and sports equipment, technological advancements 4. Career options in Physical Education 5. Khelo-India Program and Fit – India Program 	<p>Chapter 3- Yoga</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Meaning and importance of Yoga 2. Introduction to Astanga Yoga 3. Yogic Kriyas (Shat Karma) 4. Pranayama and its types. 5. Active Lifestyle and stress management through Yoga
<p>Chapter 2- Olympism Value Education</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Olympism – Concept and Olympics Values (Excellence, Friendship & Respect) 2. Olympic Value Education – Joy of Effort, Fair Play, Respect for Others, Pursuit of Excellence, Balance Among Body, Will & Mind 3. Ancient and Modern Olympics 4. Olympics - Symbols, Motto, Flag, Oath, and Anthem 5. Olympic Movement Structure - IOC, NOC, IFS, Other members 	<p>Chapter 4- Physical Education and Sports for Children with Special Needs</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Concept of Disability and Disorder 2. Types of Disability, its causes & nature (Intellectual disability, Physical disability). 3. Disability Etiquette 4. Aim and objectives of Adaptive Physical Education. 5. Role of various professionals for children with special needs (Counselor, Occupational Therapist, Physiotherapist, Physical Education Teacher, Speech Therapist, and Special Educator)
	<p>Chapter 5- Physical Fitness, Wellness, and Lifestyle</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Meaning & importance of Wellness, Health, and Physical Fitness. 2. Components/Dimensions of Wellness, Health, and Physical Fitness 3. Traditional Sports & Regional Games for promoting wellness 4. Leadership through Physical Activity and Sports 5. Introduction to First Aid – PRICE

FOOD NUTRITION & DIETETICS (834)

Chapter-1: Nutritional status and Primary Health Care	Chapter 6- Nutrition during Infancy (0-1 years) and Preschool years (1-6 years)
Chapter-2: Food: Basic Concept	Chapter 7: Nutrition during Childhood and Adolescent
Chapter-3: Nutrition	Chapter 8: Nutrition during Adulthood and old age
Chapter-4: Recommended Dietary Allowances	Chapter 9: Nutrition during pregnancy and lactation
Chapter-5: Concepts of meal planning	

ENTREPRENEURSHIP (055)

<p>Unit 1 - Entrepreneurship Concept and Functions</p> <p>Entrepreneurship – Concept, Functions and Need • Why Entrepreneurship for You • Myths about Entrepreneurship • Advantage and Limitations of Entrepreneurship • Process of Entrepreneurship • Entrepreneurship – The Indian Scenario</p>	<p>Unit 2- An Entrepreneur</p> <p>Why be an Entrepreneur • Types of Entrepreneurs • Competencies and characteristics • Entrepreneurial Values, Attitudes and Motivation • Intrapreneur: Meaning and Importance</p>
<p>Unit 6 - Business Finance and Arithmetic</p> <p>• Unit of Sale, Unit Price and Unit Cost - for single product or service • Types of Costs - Start up, Variable and Fixed • Break Even Analysis - for single product or service</p>	<p>Unit 3: Entrepreneurship Journey</p> <p>• Idea generation. • Feasibility Study and opportunity assessment • Business Plan: meaning, purpose and elements • Execution of Business Plan</p>

HINDI CORE (302)

आरोहः गद्य खंडः पाठ- 1 नमक का दारोगा - प्रेमचंद,
पाठ-2 मियां नसीरुद्दीन-कृष्णा सोबती
पद्य खंडः पाठ 2 - हम तो एक-एक करि जानां - कबीर,
वितानः पाठ - 1 भारतीय गायिकाओं में बेजोडःलता
मंगेशकर -कुमार गंधर्व
अभिव्यक्ति और माध्यमः अपठित गद्यांश, अपठित पद्यांश,
पाठ 1-जनसंचार माध्यम, पाठ 2-औपचारिक पत्र लेखन

आरोहः गद्य खंडः पाठ-4 विदाई संभाषण-बाल मुकुंद गुप्त,
पाठ-3अपू के साथ ढाई साल-सत्यजित राय
पद्य खंडः पद्य-मेरे तो गिरधर गोपाल दूसरो न कोई -मीराबाई,
-पद्य घर की याद-भवानी प्रसाद मिश्र, पद्य-चंपा
काले काले अच्छर नहीं चीन्हती-त्रिलोचन
वितानः पाठ2 - राजस्थान की रजत बूँदे - अनुपम मिश्र
अभिव्यक्ति और माध्यमः अपठित गद्यांश, अपठित पद्यांश, पाठ
2-पत्रकारिता के विविध माध्यम, पाठ 2-डायरी लेखन,
कथा-पटकथा